## BCD-to-Seven Segment Latch/Decoder/Driver for Liquid Crystals CMOS MSI (Low-Power Complementary MOS)

The MC14544B BCD-to-seven segment latch/decoder/driver is designed for use with liquid crystal readouts, and is constructed with complementary MOS (CMOS) enhancement mode devices. The circuit provides the functions of a 4-bit storage latch and an 8421 BCD-to-seven segment decoder and driver. The device has the capability to invert the logic levels of the output combination. The phase (Ph), blanking (BI), and latch disable (LD) inputs are used to reverse the truth table phase, blank the display, and store a BCD code, respectively. For liquid crystal (LC) readouts, a square wave is applied to the Ph input of the circuit and the electrically common backplane of the display. The outputs of the circuit are connected directly to the segments of the LC readout. The Ripple Blanking Input (RBI) and the Ripple Blanking Output (RBO) can be used to suppress either leading or trailing zeroes.

For other types of readouts, such as light-emitting diode (LED), incandescent, gas discharge, and fluorescent readouts, connection diagrams are given on this data sheet.

Applications include instrument (e.g., counter, DVM etc.) display driver, computer/calculator display driver, cockpit display driver, and various clock, watch, and timer uses.

- Latch Storage of Code
- Blanking Input
- Readout Blanking on All Illegal Input Combinations
- Direct LED (Common Anode or Cathode) Driving Capability
- Supply Voltage Range $=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 18 V
- Capability for Suppression of Non-significant zero
- Capable of Driving Two Low-power TTL Loads, One Low-power Schottky TTL Load or Two HTL Loads Over the Rated Temperature Range

MAXIMUM RATINGS* (Voltages referenced to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SS }}$ )

| Rating | Symbol | Value | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DC Supply Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | -0.5 to +18 | V |
| Input Voltage, All Inputs | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}$ | -0.5 to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+0.5$ | V |
| DC Input Current per Pin | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {in }}$ | $\pm 10$ | mAdc |
| Operating Temperature Range | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | -55 to +125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Power Dissipation, per Packaget $\dagger$ | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | 500 | mW |
| Storage Temperature Range | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | -65 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum Continuous Output Drive <br> Current (Source or Sink) per Output | IOHmax <br> $I_{\text {OLmax }}$ | 10 | mAdc |
| Maximum Continuous Output Power* <br> (Source or Sink) per Output | PoHmax <br> Polmax | 70 | mW |

* $\mathrm{POHmax}=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}\right)$ and $\mathrm{POLmax}=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}\right)$
* Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. $\dagger$ Temperature Derating:

Plastic "P and D/DW" Packages: $-7.0 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ From $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ To $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ceramic "L" Packages: $-12 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ From $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ To $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## MC14544B



This device contains protection circuitry to guard against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, precautions must be taken to avoid applications of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high-impedance circuit. For proper operation, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}$ should be constrained to the range $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}} \leq\left(\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}\right.$ or $\left.\mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}\right) \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$.

Unused inputs must always be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., either $\mathrm{V}_{S S}$ or $\left.V_{D D}\right)$. Unused outputs must be left open.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Voltages Referenced to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}$ )

| Characteristic | Symbol | VDD Vdc | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min | Max | Min | Typ \# | Max | Min | Max |  |
| Output Voltage "0" Level <br> $V_{\text {in }}=V_{D D}$ or 0  <br>  "1" Level <br> $V_{\text {in }}=0$ or $V_{D D}$  | V OL | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.05 \\ & 0.05 \\ & 0.05 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.05 \\ & 0.05 \\ & 0.05 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 0.05 \\ & 0.05 \\ & 0.05 \end{aligned}$ | Vdc |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.95 \\ 9.95 \\ 14.95 \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.95 \\ 9.95 \\ 14.95 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.95 \\ 9.95 \\ 14.95 \end{gathered}$ | - | Vdc |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Input Voltage \# "0" Level } \\ & \begin{array}{l} \left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=4.5 \text { or } 0.5 \mathrm{Vdc}\right) \\ \left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=9.0 \text { or } 1.0 \mathrm{Vdc}\right) \\ \left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=13.5 \text { or } 1.5 \mathrm{Vdc}\right) \\ \\ \\ \left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0.5 \text { or } 4.5 \mathrm{Vdc}\right) \\ \left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.0 \text { or } 9.0 \mathrm{Vdc}\right) \\ \left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.5 \text { or } 13.5 \mathrm{Vdc}\right) \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | VIL | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 3.0 \\ & 4.0 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 2.25 \\ & 4.50 \\ & 6.75 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 3.0 \\ & 4.0 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 3.0 \\ & 4.0 \end{aligned}$ | Vdc |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 7.0 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 3.5 \\ 7.0 \\ 11 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.75 \\ & 5.50 \\ & 8.25 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 7.0 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | - | Vdc |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { Output Drive Current } & \\ \left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}=2.5 \mathrm{Vdc}\right) & \text { Source } \\ (\mathrm{V} \mathrm{OH}=4.6 \mathrm{Vdc}) & \\ \left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}=0.5 \mathrm{Vdc}\right) & \\ \left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}=9.5 \mathrm{Vdc}\right) & \\ \left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}=13.5 \mathrm{Vdc}\right) & \end{array}$ | ${ }^{\mathrm{IOH}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} -3.0 \\ -0.64 \\ -1.6 \\ -4.2 \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} -2.4 \\ -0.51 \\ -1.3 \\ -1.3 \\ -3.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} -4.2 \\ -0.88 \\ -10.1 \\ -2.25 \\ -8.8 \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} -1.7 \\ -0.36 \\ - \\ -0.9 \\ -2.4 \end{gathered}$ | - | mAdc |
| $\begin{aligned} & (\mathrm{VOL}=0.4 \mathrm{Vdc}) \\ & (\mathrm{VOL}=0.5 \mathrm{Vdc}) \\ & (\mathrm{VOL}=9.5 \mathrm{Vdc}) \\ & \left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}=1.5 \mathrm{Vdc}\right) \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{\text {IOL}}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5.0 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 15 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.64 \\ 1.6 \\ \hline 4.2 \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.51 \\ 1.3 \\ - \\ 3.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.88 \\ 2.25 \\ 10.1 \\ 8.8 \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.36 \\ 0.9 \\ \hline 2.4 \end{gathered}$ | - | mAdc |
| Input Current | 1 in | 15 | - | $\pm 0.1$ | - | $\pm 0.00001$ | $\pm 0.1$ | - | $\pm 1.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{Adc}$ |
| Input Capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {in }}$ | - | - | - | - | 5.0 | 7.5 | - | - | pF |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Quiescent Current } \\ & \text { (Per Package) } V_{\text {in }}=0 \text { or } V_{D D} \text {, } \\ & \text { I out }=0 \mu \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | IDD | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.005 \\ & 0.010 \\ & 0.015 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & 300 \\ & 600 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\mu \mathrm{Adc}$ |
| Total Supply Current ${ }^{* *} \dagger$ (Dynamic plus Quiescent, Per Package) ( $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ on all outputs, all buffers switching) | ${ }^{1} \mathrm{~T}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & I T= \\ & I T= \\ & T= \\ & T= \end{aligned}$ | $.6 \mu \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{kHz})$ <br> $.1 \mu \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{kHz})$ <br> $.7 \mu \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{kHz})$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IDD } \\ & \text { IDD } \\ & \text { IDD } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\mu \mathrm{Adc}$ |

\#Noise immunity specified for worst-case input combination.
Noise Margin for both "1" and " 0 " level $=1.0 \mathrm{~V}$ min @ $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2.0 \mathrm{~V} \min @ \mathrm{~V} D=10 \mathrm{~V} \\
& 2.5 \mathrm{~V} \min @ \mathrm{~V} D=15 \mathrm{~V}
\end{aligned}
$$

$\dagger$ To calculate total supply current at loads other than 50 pF :

$$
\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}\right)=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}(50 \mathrm{pF})+3.5 \times 10^{-3}\left(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}-50\right) \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \mathrm{f}^{f}
$$

where: $I_{\top}$ is in $\mu \mathrm{A}$ (per package), $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ in $\mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ in V , and f in kHz is input frequency.

* The formulas given are for the typical characteristics only at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS* $\left(C_{L}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ )

| Characteristic | Symbol | VDD | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output Rise Time $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t} T \mathrm{LH}=(3.0 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+30 \mathrm{~ns} \\ & \mathrm{t}+\mathrm{LLH}=(1.5 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+15 \mathrm{~ns} \\ & \mathrm{t}+\mathrm{L} L \mathrm{H}=(1.1 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+10 \mathrm{~ns} \end{aligned}$ | t'LH | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 50 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ 100 \\ 80 \end{gathered}$ | ns |
| Output Fall Time $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t} \mathrm{THL}=(1.5 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+25 \mathrm{~ns} \\ & \mathrm{t} \mathrm{THL}=(0.75 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+12.5 \mathrm{~ns} \\ & \mathrm{t} \mathrm{~T} H \mathrm{HL}=(0.55 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+12.5 \mathrm{~ns} \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\text {t }}$ HL | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 50 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ 100 \\ 80 \end{gathered}$ | ns |
|  | tPLH | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 605 \\ & 250 \\ & 185 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1210 \\ 500 \\ 370 \end{gathered}$ | ns |
| Turn-On Delay Time $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{tpHL}=(1.7 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+420 \mathrm{~ns} \\ & \mathrm{tPHL}=(0.66 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+172 \mathrm{~ns} \\ & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PHL}}=(0.5 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+130 \mathrm{~ns} \end{aligned}$ | tPHL | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 505 \\ & 205 \\ & 155 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1650 \\ & 660 \\ & 495 \end{aligned}$ | ns |
| Setup Time | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {su }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & -40 \\ & -15 \\ & -10 \end{aligned}$ | - | ns |
| Hold Time | th | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & 30 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 15 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | - | ns |
| Latch Disable Pulse Width (Strobing Data) | tWH | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 250 \\ 100 \\ 80 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 125 \\ & 50 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | - | ns |

*The formulas given are for the typical characteristics only.

## LOGIC DIAGRAM



## CONNECTIONS TO VARIOUS DISPLAY READOUTS

LIQUID CRYSTAL (LC) READOUT


INCANDESCENT READOUT


GAS DISCHARGE READOUT


NOTE: Bipolar transistors may be added for gain (for $V_{D D} \leq 10 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{I}_{\text {out }} \geq 10 \mathrm{~mA}$ ).

X = Don't Care
$\dagger$ Above Combinations
*For liquid crystal readouts, apply a square wave to Ph. For common cathode LED readouts, select $\mathrm{Ph}=0$. For common anode LED readouts, select $\mathrm{Ph}=1$.
** Depends upon the BCD Code previously applied when LD $=1$.
$\# \mathrm{RBO}=\mathrm{RBI} \cdot(\overline{\mathrm{A}} \overline{\mathrm{B}} \overline{\mathrm{C}} \overline{\mathrm{D}})$


Figure 1. Typical Output Source Characteristics


Figure 2. Typical Output Sink Characteristics
(a) Inputs $\mathrm{D}, \mathrm{Ph}$, and BI low, and Inputs $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$, and LD high.

(b) Inputs $\mathrm{D}, \mathrm{Ph}$, and BI low, and Inputs A and B high.

(c) Data DCBA strobed into latches


Figure 4. Dynamic Signal Waveforms

LEADING EDGE ZERO SUPPRESSION


TRAILING EDGE ZERO SUPPRESSION


## OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



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